

# **Sonoma Valley Health Care District**

Consolidated Financial Statements and  
Supplementary Schedule

June 30, 2015 and 2014



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SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
As of, and for the Years Ended, June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013

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**Introduction** - This management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of Sonoma Valley Health Care District (the "District") provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying consolidated financial statements and footnotes of the District.

**Financial highlights**

- The District's net position increased in 2015 by approximately \$628,000 or 5% and increased in 2014 by approximately \$2,984,000 or 28%.
- Cash, cash equivalents, and total investments increased in 2015 by approximately \$1,107,000 or 23% and decreased in 2014 by approximately \$6,369,000 or 57%. The increase was due to the reserve for the restricted debt to pay the general obligation bonds.
- Net patient accounts receivable decreased in 2015 by approximately \$307,000 or 5% and increased in 2014 by approximately \$361,000 or 6%.
- The District reported operating losses in both 2015 (\$4,679,000) and 2014 (\$4,036,000). The operating loss in 2015 increased by approximately (\$643,000) or 16% more than the operating loss reported in 2014. The increase in the operating loss in 2015 was due to an increase in Depreciation. The increase in depreciation was due to the new Emergency Department and Surgery rooms going into services in February 2014. The operating loss in 2014 decreased by approximately \$1,753,000 or 30% less than the operating loss reported in 2013.

**Using this annual report** - The District's consolidated financial statements consist of three statements—statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the District, including resources held by the District but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation. The District is accounted for as a business-type activity and presents its consolidated financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

**The statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position** - The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report information about the District's resources and its activities. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole, better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position report information about the District's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all restricted and unrestricted assets and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

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These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's patient base and measures of the quality of service it provides to the community, as well as local economic factors to assess the overall health of the District.

**The statement of cash flows** - The final required statement is the statement of cash flows. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

**The District's net position** - The District's net position are the difference between its assets and liabilities reported in the balance sheet. The District's net position increased by \$628,000 or 5% in 2015 over 2014 and increased by \$2,984,000 or 28% in 2014 over 2013, as shown in Table 1.

The increases in net position in 2015 are largely the result of the Property tax revenue and the Noncapital grants and contributions. Property tax revenues increased due to the G.O. Bond principal increasing from 2014 and Sonoma Valley Hospital Foundation raised funds for two ultrasound machines in 2015.

In 2015, net patient accounts receivable decreased by \$307,000 or 5% compared to 2014. The reason for the decrease was an emphases on collections. Estimated third-party payor settlements decreased by \$1,439,000 or 94% compared to 2014. The decrease in 2015 is due to the pay back of over payments on Medicare's Periodic Interim Payment ("PIP"). Property tax receivables, increased \$276,000 or 5% from 2014, which is due to the increase in principal due on the general obligation bonds B.

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**Table 1: Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position**

	<u>ASSETS</u>		
	2015	2014	2013 (As Restated)
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,572,829	\$ 2,849,986	\$ 1,902,869
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$535,555 and \$965,414 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	6,487,389	6,793,990	6,433,401
Estimated third-party payor settlements, net	88,469	1,527,754	112,255
Property tax receivables	6,034,710	5,758,948	4,982,227
Other receivables	522,552	552,870	1,093,383
Pledge receivables, current	1,564,439	1,508,286	500,000
Inventories	835,425	771,028	805,424
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	670,891	816,423	1,074,432
Total current assets	<u>18,776,704</u>	<u>20,579,285</u>	<u>16,903,991</u>
Noncurrent investments			
Board designated funds	-	-	186,468
Restricted for capital acquisitions	150,727	220,748	3,474,239
Restricted for debt service	3,021,372	1,637,914	5,263,697
Other long-term investments	94,375	23,756	274,738
	<u>3,266,474</u>	<u>1,882,418</u>	<u>9,199,142</u>
Pledges receivable, noncurrent, net	-	-	1,500,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>54,857,279</u>	<u>56,350,250</u>	<u>42,476,327</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 76,900,457</u>	<u>\$ 78,811,953</u>	<u>\$ 70,079,460</u>
	<u>LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</u>		
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 6,272,324	\$ 8,477,305	\$ 10,400,356
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	3,039,179	2,835,095	2,621,053
Deferred tax revenues	5,913,329	5,849,985	4,825,602
Line of credit	5,923,734	-	-
Bonds payable, current portion	1,236,000	95,000	25,000
Capital lease obligations, current portion	1,391,816	1,697,107	832,760
Notes payable, current portion	127,014	124,814	38,795
Total current liabilities	<u>23,903,396</u>	<u>19,079,306</u>	<u>18,743,566</u>
Accrued workers' compensation liability	869,000	711,000	557,000
Line of credit	-	4,973,734	2,373,734
Bonds payable, net of current portion	34,201,000	35,437,000	35,282,223
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	2,796,604	4,022,449	2,069,571
Notes payable, net of current portion	831,874	917,777	367,116
Total liabilities	<u>62,601,874</u>	<u>65,141,266</u>	<u>59,393,210</u>
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	8,349,237	9,082,369	7,997,719
Restricted			
For debt service	3,021,372	1,637,914	1,263,697
Expendable for capital assets	1,796,562	3,757,072	3,858,727
Unrestricted	<u>1,131,412</u>	<u>(806,668)</u>	<u>(2,433,893)</u>
Total net position	<u>14,298,583</u>	<u>13,670,687</u>	<u>10,686,250</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 76,900,457</u>	<u>\$ 78,811,953</u>	<u>\$ 70,079,460</u>

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In 2014, net patient accounts receivable increased by \$361,000 or 6% compared to 2013. The reason for the increase was a slowdown in coding at year end due to the implementation of McKesson Intelligent Coding System. Estimated third-party payor settlements increased by \$1,415,499 or 1261% compared to 2013. The reason for the increase is the recording of the Inter-Governmental Transfer of \$824,000. During 2014, Napa State was paid quarterly, not yearly like in 2013, therefore the payable to Napa State in 2013 was \$1,199,000, the payable is offsetting other receivables. Property tax receivables, increased \$777,000 or 16% from 2013, which is due to the increase in principal due on the General Obligation Bonds B.

In 2014, noncurrent investments decreased by \$7,316,700 or 80% as compared to 2013. The reason for the decrease is the use of the general obligation bonds for renovating and retrofitting the District's existing hospital facility and to purchase equipment outlined in Note 6 to the financial statements.

**Operating results and changes in the District's net position** - In 2015 the District's operating loss increased by \$643,000 or 16% from 2014. In 2014 the operating loss decreased by \$1,753,000 or 30% from 2013, as shown in Table 2 below:

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**Table 2: Operating results and changes in net position**

	2015	2014	(As Restated) 2013
Operating revenues			
Net patient service revenue	\$ 49,256,295	\$ 47,416,961	\$ 43,247,566
Capitation revenue	2,009,014	2,055,548	2,111,726
Other revenue	128,751	1,103,166	1,647,768
Total operating revenues	<u>51,394,060</u>	<u>50,575,675</u>	<u>47,007,060</u>
Operating expenses			
Salaries and wages	26,657,109	26,219,974	25,702,558
Employee benefits	6,429,922	5,986,866	5,949,821
Purchased services	5,531,005	6,507,171	6,874,543
Professional fees, medical	4,251,472	4,288,169	3,692,868
Supplies	5,706,439	5,889,441	6,119,299
Utilities	1,077,817	961,882	899,466
Insurance	231,061	226,650	243,608
Depreciation and amortization	3,508,398	2,339,876	2,132,706
Other expenses	2,680,287	2,191,737	1,180,790
Total operating expenses	<u>56,073,510</u>	<u>54,611,766</u>	<u>52,795,659</u>
Loss from operations	<u>(4,679,450)</u>	<u>(4,036,091)</u>	<u>(5,788,599)</u>
Nonoperating income			
Property tax revenues	5,981,537	4,938,955	4,797,081
Investment income	39,510	32,714	32,614
Noncapital grants and contributions	34,351	18,333	232,596
Interest expense	(1,996,838)	(1,088,851)	(721,567)
Bond issuance cost	-	(180,605)	-
Contributions to Prima Medical Foundation	(446,130)	(604,413)	(787,560)
Other income, net	523,521	147,323	335,621
Total nonoperating income	<u>4,135,951</u>	<u>3,263,456</u>	<u>3,888,785</u>
Capital contributions	<u>1,171,395</u>	<u>3,757,072</u>	<u>3,858,727</u>
Increase in net position	<u>627,896</u>	<u>2,984,437</u>	<u>1,958,913</u>
Net position at beginning of year	<u>13,670,687</u>	<u>10,686,250</u>	<u>8,727,337</u>
Net position at end of year	<u>\$ 14,298,583</u>	<u>\$ 13,670,687</u>	<u>\$ 10,686,250</u>

The District's net patient revenue is comprised of comprehensive services that span the continuum of healthcare services: inpatient and outpatient hospital patient care services, emergency services, skilled nursing facility services, and home health care services. The following is the payer mix based upon net patient service revenue. Net revenue represents payments made by insurance companies and patients and is not based upon the gross billed charges.

The following chart shows the percentage of Government programs (Medicare, Medicare HMO, Medi-Cal and Medi-Cal Managed Care), commercial insurance and other net patient revenue. Government programs generally do not cover the cost of providing patient care services and therefore are supplemented by commercial insurance payments. The District's payer mix is the reason that the parcel tax is so critical to the ongoing operations of the District.

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Payer mix - Percentage of total cash collections

Total Hospital	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2013
Medicare	41.9%	38.9%	40.6%
Medicare HMO	5.5%	4.6%	4.4%
Medi-Cal	4.5%	9.8%	6.7%
Medi-Cal Managed Care	8.4%	5.9%	5.4%
Commercial Ins	29.7%	31.8%	31.4%
Workers Comp	3.2%	3.2%	3.9%
Capitated	0.9%	1.6%	0.1%
Self Pay - Other	<u>5.9%</u>	<u>4.2%</u>	<u>7.5%</u>
	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Over the period, the District has experienced a shift from inpatient to outpatient care. The District's experience with this shift in patient care services is consistent across all hospitals in the United States. Insurance companies, including Medicare, the District's largest payer, are more frequently requiring services to be provided in the outpatient setting.

**Operating losses** - The first component of the overall change in the District's net position is its operating income or loss; generally, the difference between net patient service and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the District has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the District's recent operating history as the District was formed and operates primarily to serve residents of Sonoma Valley, regardless of their ability to pay. The District levies property taxes to provide sufficient resources to enable the facility to serve lower income and other residents.

The operating loss for 2015 increased by \$643,359 or 16% as compared to 2014. In 2014 the operating loss decreased by \$1,753,000 or 30% as compared to 2013. The major components of those changes in operating loss are:

- Total operating revenues increased by \$818,000 or 2% in 2015. Total operating revenues increased by \$3,570,000 or 8% in 2014 compared to 2013. In 2014 the increase is primarily due to the recording of the two IGT's during the year for \$1,817,000 and the Medicare legal settlement of \$488,000, as well as the reduction of the Bad Debt reserve of \$1,000,000. The decrease in operating revenues in 2013 was due to RAC audits for \$1,109,000 which reduced operating revenues.
- Salaries, wages, and benefits increased in 2015 by \$880,200 or 3% due to an across the board salary increase of 3% in January 2015. Salaries, wages, and benefits increased in 2014 by \$554,500 or 2% due to an across the board salary increase of 3% in January 2014 and adjusting employees' salaries to market. Workers' compensation expense, a component of employee benefits, increased in 2014 as compared to 2013 due to increases in open claims and claim reserves required for payments made on outstanding claims.
- Medical fees remained consistent in 2015. Medical fees increased in 2014 by \$595,300 or 16% compared to 2013. The increase in 2014 is due to the surgery call to Prima Medical Foundation.

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- Purchased services decreased in 2015 by \$976,000 or 15% compared to 2014 and decreased in 2014 by \$367,000 or 5% compared to 2013. The decrease in 2015 is due to less repairs and maintenance compared to 2014 and the number of consultants were reduced to reduce costs. Decrease in 2014 is due to the cancellation of Sodexo contract in Plant Operations and Environmental Services of \$214,000 and the decreased in repair and maintenance.
- Depreciation expense increased in 2015 by \$1,168,500 or 50% as compared to 2014 and increased \$207,000 or 10% in 2014 as compared to 2013. The new Emergency Room went into service in February 2014.
- Other expenses increase in 2015 by \$489,000 or 23% as compared to 2014 and increased by \$1,011,000 or 86% in 2014 compared to 2013. The increase in 2015 is due to the increased number of Inter-Governmental Transfers ("IGT") for \$916,500. The increase in 2014 is due to two IGT for \$645,000 and an increase in equipment leases of \$121,000.

**Nonoperating revenues and expenses** - Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of property taxes levied by the District, investment income, interest expense and noncapital grants and gifts. Parcel taxes increased in 2015 as compared to 2014, by \$1,042,582 or 21%. This is due to the increase in the general obligation bonds payments. Tax assessments for the general obligation bonds increased by \$133,000 in 2014 over 2013. Interest expense increased by \$908,000 or 83% in 2015. The increase in interest was due the increase in our payment on the general obligation bonds. The increase of \$367,000 or 51% in 2014 compared to 2013 is due to our new building being completed in February 2014 and general obligation Bond interest was no longer being capitalized to the project. Noncapital grants and gifts increased by \$16,000 in 2015 compared to 2014 and decreased by \$214,000 in 2014 compared to 2013.

**Capital grants and gifts** - The District received gifts of \$1,171,000 from a foundation and various individuals to purchase capital assets in 2015 and \$3,757,000 in 2014, a decrease of \$2,586,000 and a decrease of \$102,000, from 2014 and 2013, respectively.

**The District's cash flows** - Changes in the District's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating losses and non-operating revenues and expenses, as discussed earlier.

**Capital assets** - At the end of 2015 and 2014, the District had \$54,857,000 and \$56,350,000, respectively, invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in Note 6 to the financial statements. In 2015 and 2014, the District purchased new equipment and made capital improvements costing \$2,022,000 and \$16,200,000, respectively. The majority of the 2014 improvements and new equipment related to the preparation of a master plan, detailed planning, acquisition of equipment, and installation of the information systems wiring for the District's renovation project.

**Debt** - At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District had \$40,584,000 and \$42,294,000, respectively, in bonds, equipment notes payable, and notes payable outstanding as detailed in Note 10 and Note 11 to the financial statements.

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**Future plans** - The District has historically provided salary and practice supports for recruitment and retention of new physicians whose services meet the needs of our community. In the past, certain of these arrangements have been provided via contractual agreements with Prima Medical Group, a regional physician organization. The District has implemented plans to convert and consolidate these arrangements to a master agreement with Prima Medical Foundation. The District has made capital contributions to Prima Medical Foundation, which is a non-profit medical care, research, and community benefit organization. This is a more cost effective and longer term vehicle for physician support.

**Contacting the District's financial management** - This financial report is designed to provide our patients, suppliers, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer by telephoning (707) 935-5003.



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors  
Sonoma Valley Health Care District  
Sonoma, California

### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Sonoma Valley Health Care District, (the "District") which comprise the consolidated statement of net position as of June 30, 2015, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the 2015 consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Sonoma Valley Health Care District as of June 30, 2015, and the consolidated changes in net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Prior Period Financial Statements*

The consolidated financial statements of Sonoma Valley Health Care District as of June 30, 2014, were audited by other auditors whose report dated October 22, 2014, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

### *Required Supplementary Information*

The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 1 through 8 are not required parts of the consolidated financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers them to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the consolidated financial statements in an appropriate operational economic, or historical context. This supplementary information is the responsibility of Sonoma Valley Health Care District's management. We have applied certain limited procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the consolidated financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the consolidated financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

The accompanying supplementary information related to community support on pages 36 and 37 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of Sonoma Valley Health Care District's management. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

*Armanino LLP*  
Armanino<sup>LLP</sup>  
San Ramon, California

November 4, 2015

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Consolidated Statements of Net Position  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

ASSETS

	2015	2014
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,572,829	\$ 2,849,986
Patient accounts receivable, net of allowances for doubtful accounts of \$535,555 and \$965,414 in 2015 and 2014, respectively	6,487,389	6,793,990
Estimated third-party payor settlements, net	88,469	1,527,754
Property tax receivables	6,034,710	5,758,948
Other receivables	522,552	552,870
Pledge receivables, current	1,564,439	1,508,286
Inventories	835,425	771,028
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	670,891	816,423
Total current assets	18,776,704	20,579,285
Noncurrent investments		
Restricted for capital acquisitions	150,727	220,748
Restricted for debt service	3,021,372	1,637,914
Other long-term investments	94,375	23,756
	3,266,474	1,882,418
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	54,857,279	56,350,250
Total assets	\$ 76,900,457	\$ 78,811,953

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 6,272,324	\$ 8,477,305
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	3,039,179	2,835,095
Deferred tax revenues	5,913,329	5,849,985
Line of credit	5,923,734	-
Bonds payable, current portion	1,236,000	95,000
Capital lease obligations, current portion	1,391,816	1,697,107
Notes payable, current portion	127,014	124,814
Total current liabilities	23,903,396	19,079,306
Accrued workers' compensation liability	869,000	711,000
Line of credit	-	4,973,734
Bonds payable, net of current portion	34,201,000	35,437,000
Capital lease obligations, net of current portion	2,796,604	4,022,449
Notes payable, net of current portion	831,874	917,777
Total liabilities	62,601,874	65,141,266
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	8,349,237	9,082,369
Restricted		
For debt service	3,021,372	1,637,914
Expendable for capital assets	1,796,562	3,757,072
Unrestricted	1,131,412	(806,668)
Total net position	14,298,583	13,670,687
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 76,900,457	\$ 78,811,953

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Consolidated Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Operating revenues		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 49,256,295	\$ 47,416,961
Capitation revenue	2,009,014	2,055,548
Other revenue	128,751	1,103,166
Total operating revenues	51,394,060	50,575,675
Operating expenses		
Salaries and wages	26,657,109	26,219,974
Employee benefits	6,429,922	5,986,866
Purchased services	4,449,247	5,147,034
Professional fees, medical	4,251,472	4,288,169
Professional fees, non medical	1,081,758	1,360,137
Supplies	5,706,439	5,889,441
Facilities and equipment	904,467	746,000
Utilities	1,077,817	961,882
Insurance	231,061	226,650
Depreciation and amortization	3,508,398	2,339,876
Other expenses	1,775,820	1,445,737
Total operating expenses	56,073,510	54,611,766
Loss from operations	(4,679,450)	(4,036,091)
Nonoperating income		
Property tax revenues	5,981,537	4,938,955
Investment income	39,510	32,714
Noncapital grants and contributions	34,351	18,333
Interest expense	(1,996,838)	(1,088,851)
Bond issuance cost	-	(180,605)
Contributions to Prima Medical Foundation	(446,130)	(604,413)
Other income, net	523,521	147,323
Total nonoperating income	4,135,951	3,263,456
Capital contributions	1,171,395	3,757,072
Increase in net position	627,896	2,984,437
Net position at beginning of year	13,670,687	10,686,250
Net position at end of year	\$ 14,298,583	\$ 13,670,687

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from patients and third-parties	\$ 53,139,946	\$ 47,806,587
Cash payments to contractors, vendors and suppliers	(21,671,286)	(31,992,798)
Cash payments to employees and benefit programs	(32,724,947)	(17,800,429)
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,256,287)	(1,986,640)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
Noncapital grants, contributions, and other	532,037	110,326
Contribution to Prima Medical Foundation	(446,130)	(604,413)
District tax revenues	3,008,835	3,075,631
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	3,094,742	2,581,544
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Net purchase of capital assets	(2,015,427)	(12,204,010)
Principal payments on note payable	(83,703)	(1,192,564)
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(1,531,136)	(38,772)
Payment on line of credit	(350,000)	-
Principal payments on bond payable	(95,000)	(11,905,000)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(1,927,479)	(1,775,601)
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	-	675,452
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	12,437,000
Proceeds from line of credit	1,300,000	2,600,000
Tax revenue related to general obligation bonds	2,760,284	2,112,351
Capital grants and gifts	1,171,395	2,293,919
Net cash used in capital financing activities	(771,066)	(6,997,225)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	-	7,316,724
Purchase of investments	(1,384,056)	-
Interest received from investments	39,510	32,714
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,344,546)	7,349,438
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(277,157)	947,117
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,849,986	1,902,869
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,572,829	\$ 2,849,986

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)  
For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

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	2015	2014
Reconciliation of loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities		
Loss from operations	\$ (4,679,450)	\$ (4,036,091)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	3,508,398	2,339,876
Provision for bad debts	1,125,000	1,458,255
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Patient accounts receivables	(818,399)	(1,818,844)
Estimated third party payor settlements	1,439,285	(1,415,499)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,912,256)	(147,450)
Other assets and liabilities	81,135	1,633,113
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,256,287)	\$ (1,986,640)
 <u>Supplemental disclosure of noncash transactions</u>		
Acquisition of capital assets financed with long-term debt	\$ -	\$ 4,009,789

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Sonoma Valley Health Care District (the "Health Care District") is a political subdivision of the State of California organized under the State of California Local Health Care District Law as set forth in the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The Health Care District is governed by an elected Board of Directors and is considered the primary government for financial reporting purposes.

The Health Care District owns and operates Sonoma Valley Hospital (the "Hospital"). The Hospital is located in Sonoma, California, and is licensed for 56 general acute care beds and 27 skilled nursing beds. It also provides 24-hour basic emergency care, outpatient diagnostic and therapeutic services, and operates a home health agency. The Hospital derives a significant portion of its revenues from third-party payors, including Medicare, Medi-Cal, and commercial insurance organizations.

Sonoma Valley Hospital Auxiliary (the "Auxiliary") was formed to render non-medical services on a volunteer basis to Sonoma Valley Hospital. The Auxiliary also raises monies for the benefit of the Hospital and its activities. As the sole purpose of the Auxiliary is to support the Hospital, the Auxiliary has been consolidated with the Hospital's financial statements.

Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Hospital and the Auxiliary (collectively referred to as the "District"). All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The District's financial statements are presented in accordance with the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). For purposes of presentation, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services are reported as operational revenues and expenses. The financial statement presentation, required by GASB Statements No. 34, 37 and 38 provides a full accrual basis, comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the District's assets, results of operations and cash flows. The District follows the "business-type activities" reporting requirements of GASB Statement No. 34.

Effective July 1, 2012, the District adopted GASB No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*, which brings the top category of authoritative governmental accounting and financial reporting literature together into a single publication.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Proprietary fund accounting

The District utilizes the proprietary fund method of accounting whereby revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis and consolidated financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include deposits with financial institutions and investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents exclude amounts whose use is limited by board designation or by legal restriction.

Patient accounts receivable and concentration of credit risk

Patient accounts receivable consist of amounts owed by various governmental agencies, insurance companies and private patients. The District manages its receivables by regularly reviewing the accounts, providing appropriate reserves for contractual allowances and uncollectible accounts based upon historical net collections, the aging of individual accounts, as well as current economic and regulatory conditions. Patient accounts receivable from government agencies represent the only concentrated group of credit risk for the District and management does not believe there are any material credit risks associated with these governmental agencies. Contracted and other patient accounts receivable consist of various payors including individuals involved in diverse activities, subject to differing economic conditions and do not represent any concentrated credit risks to the District. Medicare and Medi-Cal receivables account for approximately 42% and 37% of net patient accounts receivable as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Uncollectible accounts

The District provides care to patients without requiring collateral or other security. Patient charges not covered by a third-party payor are billed directly to the patient if it is determined that the patient has the ability to pay. A provision for uncollectible accounts is recognized based on management's estimate of amounts that ultimately may be uncollectible. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District provided allowances for losses on amounts directly from patients totaling \$535,555 and \$964,414, respectively.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments

The District maintains a portion of its cash in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund ("LAIF") pooled investment. The funds deposited in LAIF are invested in accordance with Government Code Sections 16340 and 16480, the stated investment authority for the Pooled Money Investment Account. Balances are stated at fair market value.

Noncurrent investments consist of Board-designated and restricted funds set aside by the board for future capital improvements and other operational reserves, over which the board retains control and may at its discretion, use for other purposes; assets set aside for qualified capital outlay projects in compliance with state law and assets restricted by donors or grantors.

Investment income, realized gains and losses, and unrealized gains and losses on investments are reflected as nonoperating income or expense.

Pledges receivable

Pledges are recorded at their present value net of applicable discounts. There are no discounts recorded as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 as all pledge balances are expected to be collected within one year. An allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable is established based upon management's judgment including such factors as prior collection history and aging statistics of pledge balances. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, management determined that no allowance for uncollectible pledges was required, as all balances are considered fully collectible.

Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of hospital operating supplies and pharmaceuticals and are stated at cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, not in excess of market.

Restricted for debt services

According to the terms of the General Obligation Bond indenture agreements, these certain amounts are held by the bond trustee and paying agent and are maintained and managed by the trustee and are invested in noncurrent investments. These assets are available for the settlement of future current bond obligations.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital assets

Capital asset acquisitions over \$500 are capitalized and recorded at cost. Donated property is recorded at its fair-market value on the date of donation. Equipment under capital lease is amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the equipment. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the related assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the following asset groups:

Land improvements	10 - 20 years
Buildings and fixtures	20 - 40 years
Equipment	2 - 10 years
Software	5 - 7 years

Whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recovered, the District, using its best estimates and projections, reviews for impairment the carrying value of long-lived identifiable assets to be held and used in the future. Any impairment losses identified are recognized when determined. Recoverability of assets is measured by comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to the net undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated from the asset. If the future undiscounted cash flows are not sufficient to recover the carrying value of the assets, the assets carrying value is adjusted to fair value. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District has determined that no capital assets are significantly impaired.

Costs of borrowing

Except for capital assets acquired through gifts, contributions or capital grants, interest cost on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

Risk management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors and omissions; employee injuries and illnesses; natural disasters; employee health, dental, and accident benefits; and medical malpractice. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the three preceding years.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Self-insurance plans

The District maintains professional liability insurance on a claims-made basis, with liability limits of \$15,000,000 in aggregate, which is subject to a \$5,000 deductible. Additionally, the District is self-insured for workers' compensation benefits. The District purchases a Workers' Compensation Excess Policy that insures claims with no limits in the amounts and a \$500,000 deductible. Actuarial estimates of uninsured losses for professional liability and workers' compensation have been accrued as liabilities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Net position

Net position of the District is comprised of the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets - consists of capital assets (both restricted and unrestricted), net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.
- Restricted net position - consists of net position with limits on their use that are externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or by laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position - consists of the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital assets, net of related debt or restricted net position.

Statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position

The District's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with providing health care services, which is the District's principal activity. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide health care services, other than financing costs. Other transactions such as property tax revenue, investment income, gifts and contributions, and grants and bequests are reported as nonoperating income.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Net patient service revenue

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered, and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. The distribution of net patient revenue, which represents both cash collected and expected to be collected, by payor at June 30, 2015 and 2014, is as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Medicare	41.9%	38.9%
Medicare HMO	5.5%	4.6%
Medi-Cal	4.5%	9.8%
Medi-Cal Managed Care	8.4%	5.9%
Commercial Insurance	29.7%	31.8%
Workers Compensation	3.2%	3.2%
Capitated	0.9%	1.6%
Self-pay-other	<u>5.9%</u>	<u>4.2%</u>
	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

Charity care

The District provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the District does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

Capitation revenues

The District, in association with Meritage Medical Network (formerly Marin Independent Practice Association) ("Meritage") has an agreement with a health maintenance organization ("HMO") to provide medical services to subscribing participants. Under this agreement, the District receives monthly capitation payments based on the number of each HMO's participants, regardless of the services actually performed by the District. The District is not responsible for the cost of services provided to subscribing participants by other hospitals. The District reassesses the profitability of the agreements for exposure risks in the event future medical costs to provide medical services exceed the related future capitation payments.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property tax revenues

Taxes for District operations and for debt service payments related to District General Obligation Bonds are levied annually on the taxable property within the District.

In March 2002, the District voters adopted a special tax on each taxable parcel of land within the District at an annual rate of up to \$130 per parcel for five years. In March 2007, the District voters extended the special tax at an annual rate of up to \$195 per parcel through June 30, 2013. The purpose of the special parcel tax is to ensure continued local access to emergency room and acute hospital care and other medical services for residents of the District and for visitors to the area. The parcel tax extension was approved for 2013 - 2018 by the District's voters.

The District received approximately 953% in 2015 and 165% in 2014 of its total increase in net position from property taxes.

These funds were designated as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Designated for hospital operations	\$2,924,785	\$2,963,353
Levied for hospital operations and debt service payments	<u>3,056,752</u>	<u>1,975,602</u>
Property tax revenue	<u>\$5,981,537</u>	<u>\$4,938,955</u>

The District recognizes property taxes receivable when the enforceable legal claim arises (January 1) and recognizes revenues over the period for which the taxes are levied (July 1 to June 30). Property taxes are considered delinquent on the day following each payment due date. Property tax revenues are nonexchange transactions that are reported as nonoperating revenues.

Grants and contributions

The District receives grants as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenues from grants and contributions are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenues.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Compensated absences

District policies permit most employees to accumulate paid time-off benefits that may be realized as paid time-off or as a cash payment upon termination. Expense and the related liability are recognized as paid time-off benefits when earned. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments, such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at the date of computation.

Income taxes

The District operates under the purview of the Internal Revenue Code, Section 115, and corresponding California Revenue and Taxation Code provisions. As such, it is not subject to state or federal taxes on income. However, income from the unrelated business activities of the District and the Auxiliary may be subject to income taxes.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2014 consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2015 presentation. These reclassifications did not have a change on the previously reported net position.

New accounting pronouncements

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* ("GASB No. 72"), which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. GASB No. 72 addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The District is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of GASB No. 72 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New accounting pronouncements (continued)

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments ("GASB No. 76"), which is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The objective of GASB No. 76 is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. The District is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of GASB 76 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

2. Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, District cash deposits had carrying amounts of \$2,572,829 and \$2,849,986, respectively, and bank balances of \$3,024,250 and \$2,925,164, respectively. All of the bank balances at June 30, 2015 and 2014 were covered by federal depository insurance.

3. Net Patient Service Revenues

The District has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the District at amounts different from its established rates. The difference between the Hospital's established rates and the amounts paid under third-party contracts are reflected as contractual adjustments. Medicare and Medi-Cal settlements are estimated and recorded in the consolidated financial statements in the year services are provided. Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs are complex and subject to interpretation. The District believes that it is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations involving allegations of potential wrongdoing. While no such regulatory inquiries have been made, compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medi-Cal programs. Changes in Medicare, Medi-Cal, or other programs or the reduction of program funding could have an adverse impact on future net patient service revenues.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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3. Net Patient Service Revenues (continued)

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors is as follows:

Medicare - Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge for the District. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. The District's classification of inpatients under the Medicare program and the appropriateness of their admissions are subject to an independent review by a peer review organization under contract with the District. Most outpatient services at the District provided to Medicare beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per encounter that vary according to procedures performed. At June 30, 2015, Medicare cost reports have been audited and final settled by the fiscal intermediary through June 30, 2013 for the District.

Medi-Cal - Payments for inpatient acute care services rendered to Medi-Cal program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a diagnostic related group (DRG) methodology. Under this methodology, similar to Medicare, services are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge according to a patient classifications system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Inpatient skilled nursing care services rendered to Medi-Cal program beneficiaries are reimbursed at prospectively determined per diem rates. Outpatient services rendered to Medi-Cal program beneficiaries are reimbursed based on prospectively determined fee schedules. At June 30, 2015, the District's Medi-Cal cost reports have been audited and final settled through June 30, 2012.

Others - Payments for services rendered to other than Medicare and Medi-Cal patients are based on established rates or agreements with certain commercial insurance companies, health maintenance organizations, Napa State, and preferred provider organizations which provide for various discounts from established rates.

Net patient service revenues for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Patient service revenues at established charge rates		
Services provided to Medicare patients	\$105,505,247	\$102,613,658
Services provided to Medi-Cal patients	41,679,971	30,692,700
Services provided to other patients	<u>74,186,238</u>	<u>70,953,915</u>
Gross patient service revenues	221,371,456	204,260,273
Less contractual adjustments and provision for uncollectible accounts	<u>(172,115,161)</u>	<u>(156,843,312)</u>
Net patient service revenues	<u>\$ 49,256,295</u>	<u>\$ 47,416,961</u>

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

4. Board - Designated, Restricted Funds, and Other Long-Term Investments

District investment balances and average maturities were as follows at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>2015</u>	
		<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1 to 5</u>
Short-term money market mutual funds	\$3,021,372	\$3,021,372	\$ -
LAIF (State pool demand deposits)	<u>245,102</u>	<u>245,102</u>	<u>-</u>
Total fair-value	<u>\$3,266,474</u>	<u>\$3,266,474</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

  

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>2014</u>	
		<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1 to 5</u>
Short-term money market mutual funds	\$1,637,914	\$1,637,914	\$ -
LAIF (State pool demand deposits)	<u>244,504</u>	<u>244,504</u>	<u>-</u>
Total fair-value	<u>\$1,882,418</u>	<u>\$1,882,418</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Except for the investment of unexpended funds borrowed for construction, the District's investment policy limits the first \$5,000,000 of investments to the LAIF. Once investments exceed \$5,000,000, the policy (California Government Code) limits investments to bonds and other obligations of the US Treasury, US agencies or instrumentalities, or the state of California; bonds of any city, county, school district, or special road district of the state of California; bonds of banks for cooperatives, federal land banks, federal intermediate credit banks, federal home loan banks, Federal Home Loan Bank, Tennessee Valley Authority, and the National Mortgage Association or certificates of deposit.

The investment policy does not specifically address interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk or foreign currency risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest. The money market mutual funds are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District's investments in money market mutual funds were rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and AAA by Moody's Investors Service and the District's investments in LAIF were not rated.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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4. Board - Designated, Restricted Funds, and Other Long-Term Investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments in US agency securities, LAIF, and money market mutual funds are held by the broker or by the bank's trust department in other than the District's name.

Concentration of credit risk

This risk relates to the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District had the following investments in a single issuer in excess of 5% of total investments as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015		2014	
LAIF (State pool demand deposits)	\$245,102	7.5%	\$244,504	13.0%

5. Property Tax Receivables

Property tax receivables consisted of the following as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	2014
Property tax receivables		
Special parcel tax	\$3,121,381	\$3,078,743
Tax for general obligation bond debt service payments	2,913,329	2,680,205
Total property tax receivables	\$6,034,710	\$5,758,948

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015, is as follows:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2014</u>	Increases	Decreases, Transfers and Retirements	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>
Non-depreciable capital assets	\$ 197,659	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,659
Land				
Construction in progress	<u>2,567,306</u>	<u>1,519,495</u>	<u>(4,029,593)</u>	<u>57,208</u>
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,764,965	1,519,495	(4,029,593)	254,867
Depreciable capital assets				
Land improvements	805,238	-	-	805,238
Buildings and improvements	64,542,368	-	1,356,422	65,898,790
Equipment	<u>23,271,090</u>	<u>502,843</u>	<u>2,390,978</u>	<u>26,164,911</u>
	88,618,696	502,843	3,747,400	92,868,939
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(35,033,411)</u>	<u>(3,508,398)</u>	<u>275,282</u>	<u>(38,266,527)</u>
Total depreciable assets	<u>53,585,285</u>	<u>(3,005,555)</u>	<u>4,022,682</u>	<u>54,602,412</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$56,350,250</u>	<u>\$(1,486,060)</u>	<u>\$ (6,911)</u>	<u>\$54,857,279</u>

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

	Balance <u>June 30, 2013</u>	Increases	Decreases, Transfers and Retirements	Balance <u>June 30, 2014</u>
Non-depreciable capital assets	\$ 197,659	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,659
Land				
Construction in progress	<u>32,772,060</u>	<u>13,211,854</u>	<u>(43,416,608)</u>	<u>2,567,306</u>
Total non-depreciable capital assets	32,969,719	13,211,854	(43,416,608)	2,764,965
Depreciable capital assets				
Land improvements	805,238	-	-	805,238
Buildings and improvements	22,446,088	1,037	42,095,243	64,542,368
Equipment	<u>18,948,817</u>	<u>3,000,908</u>	<u>1,321,365</u>	<u>23,271,090</u>
	42,200,143	3,001,945	43,416,608	88,618,696
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(32,693,535)</u>	<u>(2,339,876)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(35,033,411)</u>
Total depreciable assets	<u>9,506,608</u>	<u>662,069</u>	<u>43,416,608</u>	<u>53,585,285</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$42,476,327</u>	<u>\$13,873,923</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$56,350,250</u>

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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7. Employee Benefits Plans

Defined contribution plan

The District contributes to a defined contribution pension plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all employees. Pension expense is recorded for the amount of the District's required contributions, determined in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The Plan is administered by the District's Board of Directors. The Plan provides retirement benefits to plan members and death benefits to beneficiaries of plan members. Benefit provisions are contained in the plan document and are established and can be amended by action of the District's governing body. Contribution rates for plan members and the District, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, were 3.41% and 3.42% for 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Deferred compensation plan

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The deferred compensation plan is available to all employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary. An employer match is also provided and is vested at the rate of 16.7% per year.

The District's contributions to the defined contribution plan and deferred compensation plan totaled \$571,484 and \$557,148 during 2015 and 2014, respectively.

8. Medical Malpractice Coverage and Claims

The District has joined together with other providers of health care services to form Beta Healthcare Group ("Beta"), a public entity risk pool (the "Pool") currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The District purchases medical malpractice insurance from the Pool under a claims-made policy. The District pays an annual premium to the Pool for its torts insurance coverage. The District purchases excess liability insurance through a commercial insurer for amounts in excess of the coverage provided under Beta. The Pool's governing agreements specifies that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial carriers for claims in excess of stop-loss amounts. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require a health care provider to accrue the expense of its share of malpractice claim costs, if any, for any reported and unreported incidents of potential improper professional service occurring during the year by estimating the probable ultimate costs of the incidents. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014 there was no estimate for accrued malpractice costs.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
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9. Workers' Compensation Claims

The District is self-insured for workers' compensation claims of its employees up to \$500,000, with commercial stop-loss insurance coverage purchased for claims in excess of these amounts through December 31, 2008. A provision is accrued for self-insured workers' compensation claims, including both claims reported and claims incurred but not yet reported of \$869,000 and \$711,000 as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The District utilizes an actuary to estimate the ultimate costs to settle such claims. Estimated future payments related to workers' compensation claims have been discounted at a rate of 1% at June 30, 2015 and 2014. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate will change by a material amount in the near term.

10. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Decreases/ Amortization</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2015</u>
General obligation bonds payable				
Principal	\$35,532,000	\$ -	\$ (95,000)	\$35,437,000
Note payable	<u>1,042,591</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(83,703)</u>	<u>958,888</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>\$36,574,591</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$(178,703)</u>	<u>\$36,395,888</u>
	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2013</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Decreases/ Amortization</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>June 30, 2014</u>
General obligation bonds payable				
Principal	\$35,000,000	\$12,437,000	\$(11,905,000)	\$35,532,000
Original issue premium	342,212	-	(342,212)	-
Deferred loss on early retirement of revenue bonds	<u>(34,989)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(34,989)</u>	<u>-</u>
	35,307,223	12,437,000	(12,212,223)	35,532,000
Note payable	<u>405,911</u>	<u>675,452</u>	<u>(38,772)</u>	<u>1,042,591</u>
Total long-term debt	<u>\$35,713,134</u>	<u>\$13,112,452</u>	<u>\$(12,250,995)</u>	<u>\$36,574,591</u>

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June 30, 2015 and 2014

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10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

General obligation bonds payable

On November 4, 2008, the District electorate approved the authorization to issue a total of \$35,000,000 in general obligation bonds. On April 1, 2009, the District issued \$12,000,000 principal amount of general obligation bonds (Sonoma Valley Health Care District General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2008, Series A 2009). Bond proceeds are to be used to pay for a portion of the costs of renovating and retrofitting the District's existing hospital facility, to purchase equipment, to refund outstanding indebtedness, to pay costs of issuance and to pay bond interest due August 1, 2009. \$4,000,000 of the proceeds were used to refund all of the then outstanding Revenue Bonds. \$8,000,000 of the proceeds and the proceeds from all future bonds authorized by the election will be used to construct a new central utility plant, improve utility infrastructure, make all necessary seismic upgrades to existing facilities, and purchase additional medical equipment and install information systems wiring (the "Project").

Interest on the Bonds is payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 5.375% to 8.750% with principal payments due annually beginning August 1, 2013.

Bonds maturing on or before August 1, 2014, are not subject to redemption prior to their respective stated maturity dates. Bonds maturing on or after August 1, 2015, may be redeemed prior to maturity at the District's option at redemption prices equal to the par amount of Bonds redeemed. The Bonds are general obligations of the District payable from ad valorem taxes. In the event the District fails to provide sufficient funds for payment of principal and interest when due, a commercial insurance company has guaranteed to pay that portion of principal and interest for which funds are not available.

In the first phase of the Project, the District prepared a master plan, completed the detailed planning for the Project, acquired some equipment, installed the information systems wiring, and began construction.

In August 2010, the District issued \$23,000,000 of additional general obligation bonds (Sonoma Valley Health Care District General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2008, Series B 2010) in order to finance the second and final phase of the Project. During this phase, which was completed in February 2014, the District completed all construction and improvement aspects of the Project and finished purchasing the equipment budgeted in the Project.

In February 2014, the District issued \$12,437,000 of additional general obligation bond (Sonoma Valley Health Care District 2014 General Obligation Regunding Bond) to refund all of the outstanding Sonoma Valley Health Care District General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2008, Series A 2009. The 2009 General Obligations Bonds were refunded in February 2014 and the funds were transferred to an escrow account held by a trustee until the bonds were fully called in August 2014.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
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June 30, 2015 and 2014

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10. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Line of credit

The District entered into a line of credit agreement with a bank for \$7,000,000, with an interest rate of 2.5% plus LIBOR and maturing on January 31, 2016. The District is required to comply with certain restrictive covenants, including maintaining a total debt to EBIDA ratio of 2.0 to 1.0 and maintaining a minimum tangible net worth of not less than \$9,000,000. The District had an unused credit of \$1,076,266 as of June 30, 2015.

Debt service requirements

Debt service requirements for long-term debt are as follows at June 30, 2015:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>		<u>Note Payable</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 1,236,000	\$ 1,415,149	\$127,013	\$ 9,297
2017	1,339,000	1,371,074	128,312	7,999
2018	1,433,000	1,323,190	129,597	6,713
2019	1,529,000	1,269,325	130,897	5,414
2020	1,631,000	1,209,219	132,199	4,112
Thereafter	<u>28,269,000</u>	<u>7,952,355</u>	<u>310,870</u>	<u>4,533</u>
	<u>\$35,437,000</u>	<u>\$14,540,312</u>	<u>\$958,888</u>	<u>\$38,068</u>

Interest costs

Interest costs incurred during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, are summarized as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Interest cost		
Paid	\$1,407,193	\$1,775,601
Accrued	<u>589,645</u>	<u>329,844</u>
Total incurred	1,996,838	2,105,445
Amortization of deferred financing costs, original issue premium and deferred loss on early retirement of revenue bonds	-	31,573
Interest capitalized	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,048,167)</u>
Total interest expense	<u>\$1,996,838</u>	<u>\$1,088,851</u>

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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11. Capital Lease Obligations

Capital lease obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Original Issue</u>	<u>June 30, 2015</u>
Capital leases - equipment net of interest	October 2011 - March 2020	1.50% - 9.59%	\$ 7,816,188	\$4,188,420
Less current portion				<u>(1,391,816)</u>
				<u>\$2,796,604</u>

<u>Description</u>	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Outstanding June 30, 2015</u>
Capital lease- equipment	\$5,719,556	\$ -	\$(1,531,136)	\$4,188,420

<u>Description</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Outstanding June 30, 2014</u>
Capital lease- equipment	\$2,902,331	\$4,009,789	\$(1,192,564)	\$5,719,556

Debt service requirements for capital lease obligations are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	
2016	\$1,552,861
2017	1,060,489
2018	1,057,343
2019	866,219
2020	5,156
Less interest	<u>(353,648)</u>
	4,188,420
Less current portion	<u>(1,391,816)</u>
	<u>\$2,796,604</u>

12. Transactions with Sonoma Valley Hospital Foundation

Sonoma Valley Hospital Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation") is authorized by the District to solicit contributions on behalf of the Hospital. In the absence of donor restrictions, the Foundation has discretionary control over the amounts, timing, and use of their distributions. The District recorded contributions from the Foundation of \$1,217,000 in 2015 and \$3,757,072 in 2014. At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Foundation's unaudited cash basis financial statements reported net position of \$496,977 and \$286,841, respectively. The Foundation is not considered a component unit of the District because the Foundation is not controlled by the District.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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13. Related Party Transactions

During 2010, the District contributed \$100,000 to Meritage for the development of Prima Medical Foundation ("PMF"), a joint venture with Meritage, Marin Healthcare District ("MHD"), and Marin Medical Practice Concepts, Inc. ("MMPC"). The PMF's purpose is establishing, operating, and maintaining multi-specialty medical clinics. The successful establishment and operation of PMF in Marin and Sonoma Counties is expected to be a cornerstone in the District's plans to ensure adequate health care services to the greater Sonoma Area. The District's contribution to PMF totaled \$446,130 and \$604,413 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The District is a defendant in various legal proceedings arising out of the normal conduct of its business. In the opinion of management and its legal representatives, the District has valid and substantial defenses, and settlements or awards arising from legal proceedings, if any, will not exceed existing insurance coverage, nor will they have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or liquidity of the District.

Operating leases

The District leases certain facilities and equipment under the terms of noncancelable operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through July 2021. In 2015, the District began to sublease suites within its leased medical office under sublease agreements expiring through February 2019. Total rental expense for all operating leases amounted to \$904,467 and \$746,000 in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Total rental income during 2015 amounted to \$12,309. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining terms in excess of one year:

	<u>Facility and Equipment</u>	<u>Sub-Lease Income</u>	<u>Net Lease Commitment</u>
2016	\$1,096,426	\$(120,859)	\$975,567
2017	\$ 826,629	\$(120,452)	\$706,177
2018	\$ 690,107	\$(119,912)	\$570,195
2019	\$ 546,806	\$ (79,941)	\$466,865
2020 and beyond	\$ 170,993	\$ -	\$170,993

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2015 and 2014

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14. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Regulatory environment

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state, and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government health care program participation requirements, reimbursement for patient services, and Medicare and Medi-Cal fraud and abuse. Recently, government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations by health care providers. The District is subject to routine surveys and reviews by federal, state, and local regulatory authorities. The District has also received inquiries from health care regulatory authorities regarding its compliance with laws and regulations. Although the District's management is not aware of any violations of laws and regulations, it has received corrective action requests as a result of completed and on-going surveys from applicable regulatory authorities. Management continually works in a timely manner to implement operational changes and procedures to address all corrective action requests from regulatory authorities. Breaches of these laws and regulations and non-compliance with survey corrective action requests could result in expulsion from government health care programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed.

Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

15. Charity Care

During the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the District provided, estimated costs of \$310,100 and \$296,250, respectively, in free or discounted services for the poor and underserved. This includes services provided to persons who have health care needs and are uninsured, under-insured, and ineligible for a government program and are otherwise unable to pay for medically necessary care based on their individual financial situation. Costs are computed based on a relationship of costs to charges similar to a Medicare cost to charge ratio. During the year ended June 30, 2015, there were approximately 145 patient cases under this policy. During the year ended June 30, 2014, there were approximately 157 patient cases under this policy.

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
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16. Health Care Reform

In March 2010, President Obama signed the Health Care Reform Legislation into law. The new law may result in changes across the health care industry. The primary goal of this comprehensive legislation is to extend health care coverage to approximately 32,000,000 uninsured legal U.S. residents through a combination of public program expansion and private sector health insurance reforms. To fund the expansion of insurance coverage, the legislation contains measures designated to promote quality and cost efficiency in health care delivery and to generate budgetary savings in the Medicare and Medicaid programs. The District is unable to predict the full impact of the Health Care Reform Legislation at this time due to the law's complexity and current lack of implementing regulations and or interpretive guidance. However, the District expects that several provisions of the Health Care Reform Legislation will have a material effect on its business.

17. Subsequent Event

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 4, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Other than as described below, no subsequent events have occurred that would have a material impact on the presentation of the District's financial statements.

As of July 31, 2015, the Sonoma Valley Hospital Auxiliary was dissolved. The Auxiliary's assets, liabilities and net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and revenues expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were not material to the District.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
 Supplementary Information Related to Community Support (Unaudited)  
 June 30, 2015 and 2014

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Uncompensated Care and Community Support

Uncompensated care

In September 2004, the District adopted a formal community benefits policy, developed under guidelines provided by the California Hospital Association, and began to identify those patients who are medically indigent. The District's policy is to provide service to all who require it, regardless of their ability to pay. As such, it provides substantial amounts of uncompensated care. When this care is provided to patients who lack financial resources (and therefore are deemed medically indigent), it is classified as community benefits. When it is provided to patients who have the means to pay but decline to do so, it is classified as a provision for uncollectible accounts. Neither community benefits nor the provision for uncollectible accounts is reflected in net patient service revenues.

In addition, the District provides services to other medically indigent patients under certain government-reimbursed public aid programs. Such programs pay providers amounts that are less than established charges for the services provided to the recipients and frequently the payments are less than the cost of rendering the services. Finally, some undetermined portion of the provision for uncollectible accounts represents care to indigent patients who the District has been unable to identify.

Uncompensated charges relating to these services are as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Community benefits (charity care) allowances	\$ 310,100	\$ 269,201
State Medi-Cal and other public aid programs	41,679,971	25,003,025
Provision for uncollectible accounts	<u>1,125,000</u>	<u>1,458,255</u>
Total	<u>\$43,115,071</u>	<u>\$26,730,481</u>

The District's estimated costs of providing uncompensated care and community benefits to the poor and the broader community for 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Uncompensated costs of community benefits and uncollectible accounts	\$ 60,543	\$ 51,363
Medi-Cal and other public aid programs	<u>6,676,218</u>	<u>2,776,415</u>
	6,736,761	2,827,778
Benefits for the broader community	<u>6,952,478</u>	<u>9,747,878</u>
Total estimated community benefit costs	<u>\$13,689,239</u>	<u>\$12,575,656</u>

SONOMA VALLEY HEALTH CARE DISTRICT  
 Supplementary Information Related to Community Support (Unaudited)  
 June 30, 2015 and 2014

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Uncompensated Care and Community Support (continued)

Uncompensated care (continued)

Benefits for the broader community include the unpaid costs of providing service to the elderly, providing health screenings and other health-related services, training health professionals, educating the community with various seminars and classes, and the costs associated with providing free clinics and other community service programs.

Community support

The District also commits significant time and resources to endeavors and critical services that meet otherwise unfilled community needs. Many of these activities are sponsored with the knowledge that they will not be self-supporting or financially viable. Such programs include recruitment of physicians, health screening and assessments, prenatal education and care, community educational services, and various support groups.

During 2015 and 2014, the District recorded the following amounts related to community support:

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Noncapital gifts and grants included in non-operating revenues	\$ 449,407	\$ 18,333
Capital grants and contributions from Sonoma Valley Hospital Foundation	<u>756,339</u>	<u>3,757,072</u>
Total community support	<u>\$1,205,746</u>	<u>\$3,775,405</u>
Fundraising expenses included in operating expenses	<u>\$ 3,257</u>	<u>\$ 136,466</u>